

MNOG22-xD8C-xxT1

Features

- ◆ Single Fiber GPON ONU Transceiver
 - 1310nm burst-mode 1.24416 Gb/s transmitter with DFB laser
 - 1490nm continuous-mode 2.488Gb/s APD receiver
- ◆ Compliant with ITU-T G.984.2 Class B+
- ◆ Compliant with ITU-T G.984.5
- ◆ Digital diagnostic monitoring (DDM) with internal calibration
- ◆ 2x10 Small Form Factor (SFF) Metallic Package with SC/UPC pigtail optical interface
- ◆ Burst On/Off time is less than 12.8ns
- ◆ +3.3V separated power supply
- ◆ LVTTL interface logic level for AC or DC coupled data input
- ◆ CML interface logic level for AC coupled data output
- ◆ LVTTL for burst signal input
- ◆ LVTTL for receiver loss of signal detect indication
- ◆ Compliant with RoHS 2.0
- ◆ Operating temperature range: 0°C~+70°C

Applications

- ◆ Gigabit-Passive Optical Network (GPON) ONT
- ◆ FTTx

Description

The transmitter is designed for single mode fiber and operates at wavelength of 1310nm. The transmitter module uses a DFB laser diode and fully compliant with IEC60825 and CDRH class 1 eye safety. It contains APC functions, a temperature compensation circuit to ensure compliance with G.984.2 requirement at operating temperature, data inputs and AC or DC coupling circuit.

The receiver section uses a hermetic packaged APD-TIA (APD with trans-impedance amplifier) and a limiting amplifier. The APD converts optical power into electrical current and the current is transformed to voltage by the trans-impedance amplifier. The differential DATA and /DATA CML data signals are produced by the limiting amplifier. The APD-TIA is AC coupled to the limiting amplifier through a low pass filter.

Specification

| Absolute Maximum Ratings | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Unit | Note |
| Storage Ambient Temperature | T _{STG} | -40 | 85 | °C | |
| Operating Humidity | H _{OPR} | 5 | 95 | % | |
| Power Supply Voltage | V _{CC} | -0.3 | 4 | V | |
| Receiver Damaged Threshold | | 3 | | dBm | |

| Recommended Operating Conditions | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------|------|-------|------|---------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Note |
| Power Supply Voltage | V _{CC} | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | V | 3.3V±5% |
| Operating Case Temperature | T _{CASE} | 0 | | 70 | °C | |
| Operating Humidity Range | H _{OPR} | 5 | | 95 | % | |
| Data Rate | | | 1244 | | Mbps | |

| Transmitter Optical and Electrical Characteristics | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|------|------|-----------------|------|-------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Note |
| Optical Transmitter Power | P _{OUT} | 0.5 | 2.5 | 5 | dBm | 1 |
| Output Center Wavelength | λ _C | 1290 | 1310 | 1330 | nm | |
| Output Spectrum Width | Δλ | | | 1 | nm | |
| Side Mode Suppression Ratio | SMSR | 30 | | | dB | |
| Output Power At Transmit Off | P _{OFF} | | | -45 | dBm | |
| Extinction Ratio | ER | 10 | | | dB | |
| Tx Enable/Disable Time | | | | 12.8 | ns | 3 |
| Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty | TDP | | | 1.0 | dB | |
| Optical Eye Diagram | Compliant With ITU-T G984.2 | | | | | 2,4 |
| Data Input Differential Swing | V _{IN} | 200 | | 1600 | mV | 5 |
| Input Differential Impedance | Z _{IN} | 90 | 100 | 110 | Ω | |
| Tx_Burst Voltage | | 0 | | 0.8 | V | LVTTL |
| | | 2.0 | | V _{CC} | V | |
| Tx_Fault Voltage | | 0 | | 0.4 | V | LVTTL |
| | | 2.4 | | V _{CC} | V | |
| Tx_SD Voltage | | 0 | | 0.4 | V | LVTTL |
| | | 2.4 | | V _{CC} | V | |
| Tx_SD Assert | t _A | | | 200 | ns | |
| Tx_SD Deassert | t _D | | | 200 | ns | |

Note 1: Launched into 9/125um SMF.

Note 2: Measured with PRBS 2²³-1 @ 1244.16Mbit/s, and the 4th Bessel-Thompson filter is turned on.

Note 3: Refer to Timing Parameter Definition in Burst Mode Sequence.

Note 4: Transmitter eye mask definition in ITU-T G984.2.

Note 5: Compatible with LVPECL input.

| Receiver Optical and Electrical Characteristics | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
| Operating Wavelength | λ_C | 1480 | 1490 | 1500 | nm | |
| Receiver Sensitivity | P_{SEN} | | | -28 | dBm | 1 |
| Overload Input Optical Power | P_{SAT} | -8 | | | dBm | |
| Signal-Detected Assert Level | P_{SDA} | | | -30 | dBm | 2 |
| Signal-Detected De-assert Level | P_{SDD} | -44 | | | dBm | 3 |
| Signal-Detected Hysteresis | $P_{SDA}-P_{SDD}$ | 0.5 | 3 | 6 | dBm | |
| Receiver Reflectance | | | | -20 | dB | $\lambda=1490\text{nm}$ |
| WDM Filter Isolation | ISO1 | 30 | | | dB | 1260~1450nm |
| | ISO2 | 30 | | | dB | 1539~1675nm |
| 1310nm Tx to 1490nm Rx Crosstalk | | | | -45 | dB | |
| Data Output Differential Swing | V_{OUT} | 300 | | 1200 | mV | 4 |
| RX_SD Voltage | | 0 | | 0.4 | V | LVTTL |
| | | 2.4 | | Vcc | V | |
| Signal-Detected Assert Time | T_{ASS} | | | 100 | us | |
| Signal-Detected Deassert Time | T_{DAS} | | | 100 | us | |

Note 1: Measured with PRBS 2²³-1 @2488.32Mbit/s, ER=10dB, BER = 10⁻¹⁰.

Note 2: A decrease in optical power below the specified level will cause the Signal Detect output to switch from a high state to a low state.

Note 3: An increase in optical power above the specified level will cause the Signal Detect output to switch from a low state to a high state.

Note 4: CML output, AC coupled internally, guaranteed in the full range of input optical power.

Digital Diagnostic Monitoring Information

| Parameter | Range | Accuracy | Calibration |
|------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| Temperature | 0 to 70°C | ±3°C | Internal |
| Voltage | 3.0 to 3.6V | ±3% | Internal |
| Bias Current | 0 to 100mA | ±10% | Internal |
| TX Power | 0.5 to 5dBm | ±3dB | Internal |
| RX Power | -28 to -8dBm | ±3dB | Internal |

Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

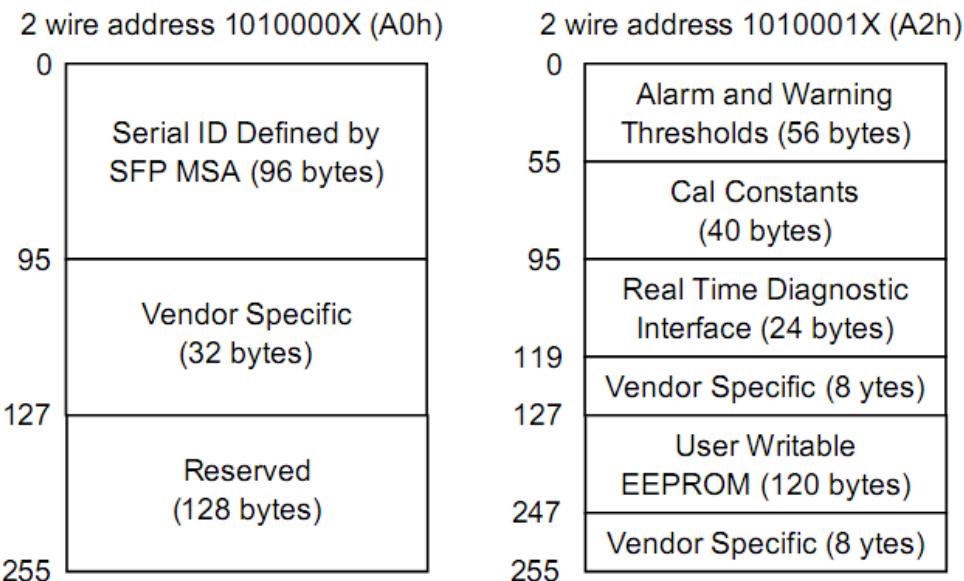


Figure1

EEPROM Serial ID Memory Contents

The optical transceiver contains an EEPROM. It provides access to sophisticated identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal SCL. The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not writing protected within the SFF transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFF transceiver. The serial data signal SDA is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

The Module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring all are implemented. The diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 – 95 at wire serial bus address A2h. The digital diagnostic memory map specific data fields define as following.

EEPROM Serial ID Memory Contents (2-Wire Address A0h)

| Address | Name of field | Hex | Description |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|---|
| BASE ID Fields | | | |
| 00 | Identifier | 02 | SFF transceiver |
| 01 | Ext. Identifier | 08 | Not defined |
| 02 | Connector | 0B | Optical pigtail |
| 03-05 | Transceiver Codes | 00 00 00 | Not defined |
| 06 | Transceiver Codes | 02 | 1000BASE-LX |
| 07-10 | Transceiver Codes | 00 00 00 00 | Not defined |
| 11 | Encoding | 03 | NRZ |
| 12 | BR, Nominal | 0D | 1300 MBps |
| 13 | Rate Identifier | 00 | Not defined |
| 14 | Length(9um)-km | 14 | 20 km |
| 15 | Length(9um)-m | C8 | 20000 m |
| 16 | Length(50um) | 00 | Transceiver transmit distance |
| 17 | Length(62.5um) | 00 | |
| 18 | Length(cable) | 00 | Not support cable |
| 19 | Length(OM3) | 00 | Not support OM3 |
| 20-35 | Vendor Name | 4D 45 4E 54 45 43 48 4F 50 54 4F 20 20 20 20 20 | “MENTECHOPTO”(ASCII character) |
| 36 | Reserved | 00 | Not defined |
| 37-39 | Vendor OUI | 00 00 00 | Not defined |
| 40-55 | Vendor P/N | 4D 4E 4F 47 32 32 2D 4C 44 38 43 2D 41 43 54 31 | “MNOG22-LD8C-ACT1”(ASCII character) |
| 56-59 | Vendor P/N Rev. | 31 2E 30 20 | “1.0”(ASCII character) |
| 60-61 | Laser Wavelength | 05 1E | 1310nm |
| 62 | Reserved | 00 | Not defined |
| 63 | CC_BASE | xx | Check sum of bytes 0-62 |
| Extended ID Fields | | | |
| 64-65 | Options | 00 1C | TX_Disable、TX_Faultand RX_SD are implemented |
| 66 | BR, max | 14 | 1560 MBps |
| 67 | BR, min | 14 | 1040 MBps |
| 68-83 | Vendor SN | xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx | Vendor Serial Number in ASCII character |
| 84-91 | Date Code | xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx | Vendor Date Code in ASCII character |
| 92 | Diagnostic Monitoring Type | 68 | Digital Diagnostic monitoring implemented “Internally calibrated ” is implemented, RX measurement |

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|----|--|
| | | | type is "Average Power" |
| 93 | Enhanced options | E0 | Optional Alarm/warning flags, soft Tx_Disable control and monitoring, soft Tx_Fault monitoring are implemented |
| 94 | SFF-8472 compliant | 02 | SFF-8472 compliant with revision 9.5 |
| 95 | CC-EXT | xx | Check sum of bytes 64-94 |
| Vendor Specific ID Field | | | |
| 96-127 | Vendor Specific | 00 | Vendor specific EEPROM |
| 128-255 | Reserved | 00 | Reserved for future use |

Digital Diagnostic Monitoring Interface: Alarm and Warning Thresholds (2-Wire Address A2h)

| Address | #Bytes | Name | Real Value | Unit | Hex |
|---------|--------|-----------------------|------------|------|-----|
| 00-01 | 2 | Temp High Alarm | 120 | °C | |
| 02-03 | 2 | Temp Low Alarm | -45 | °C | |
| 04-05 | 2 | Temp High Warning | 110 | °C | |
| 06-07 | 2 | Temp Low Warning | -40 | °C | |
| 08-09 | 2 | Voltage High Alarm | 3.6 | V | |
| 10-11 | 2 | Voltage Low Alarm | 2.9 | V | |
| 12-13 | 2 | Voltage High Warning | 3.5 | V | |
| 14-15 | 2 | Voltage Low Warning | 3 | V | |
| 16-17 | 2 | Bias High Alarm | 70 | mA | |
| 18-19 | 2 | Bias Low Alarm | 2 | mA | |
| 20-21 | 2 | Bias High Warning | 65 | mA | |
| 22-23 | 2 | Bias Low Warning | 3 | mA | |
| 24-25 | 2 | TX Power High Alarm | 6 | dBm | |
| 26-27 | 2 | TX Power Low Alarm | -2 | dBm | |
| 28-29 | 2 | TX Power High Warning | 5 | dBm | |
| 30-31 | 2 | TX Power Low Warning | 0 | dBm | |
| 32-33 | 2 | RX Power High Alarm | -6 | dBm | |
| 34-35 | 2 | RX Power Low Alarm | -37 | dBm | |
| 36-37 | 2 | RX Power High Warning | -8 | dBm | |
| 38-39 | 2 | RX Power Low Warning | -34 | dBm | |
| 40-55 | 16 | Reserved | Reserved | | |

Pin Description

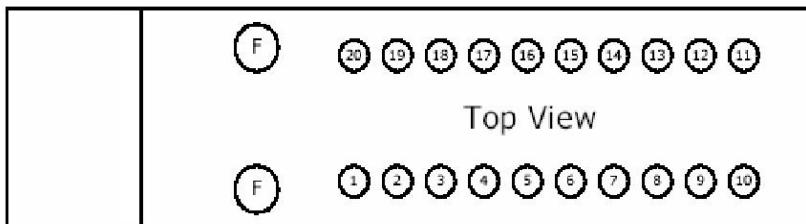


Figure2

| Pin No | Name | Default Description | Note |
|--------|------------------|--|------|
| 1 | NC | No Function Definition, needs to be connected to Ground. | |
| 2 | GND | Ground | |
| 3 | GND | Ground | |
| 4 | NC | No Function Definition | |
| 5 | NC | No Function Definition | |
| 6 | V _{EER} | Receiver Signal Ground | |
| 7 | V _{CCR} | Receiver Power Supply | |
| 8 | Rx_SD | Receiver Signal-Detected Indication (LVTTL), internally pull up, "1": Optical Signal-Detected. | 1 |
| 9 | RD- | Inverted Receiver Data Output(CML/AC coupled) | |
| 10 | RD+ | Non-inverted Receiver Data Output(CML/AC coupled) | |
| 11 | V _{CCT} | Transmitter Power Supply | |
| 12 | V _{EET} | Transmitter Signal Ground | |
| 13 | Tx_Burst | Transmitter Burst Control (LVTTL) | 2 |
| 14 | TD+ | Non-inverted Transmitter Data Input(LVPECL) | 3 |
| 15 | TD- | Inverted Transmitter Data Input(LVPECL) | 3 |
| 16 | V _{EET} | Transmitter Signal Ground | |
| 17 | SCL | Clock Line of the I ² C interface (LVTTL) | 4 |
| 18 | SDA | Data Line of the I ² C interface (LVTTL) | 4 |
| 19 | Tx_Fault | Transmitter Fault Indication (LVTTL), internally pull up, "1": Fault. | 5 |
| 20 | Tx_SD | Transmitter Signal-Detected Indication (LVTTL), "1": Optical Signal-Detected. | |
| F | MS | Mounting Studs | |

Note 1: LVTTL logic output, with 4.7~10KΩ pull-up resistor internally. Optical Signal-Detected: High.

Note 2: A positive level enable optical signal output under burst mode.

Note 3: AC or DC coupled internally.

Note 4: I²C interface, they should be pulled up with 4.7~10KΩ resistors externally.

Note 5: LVTTL logic output, with 4.7~10KΩ pull-up resistor internally.

Function Description

The transceiver provides high-speed Bi-directional serial optical link for GPON application up to 20km.

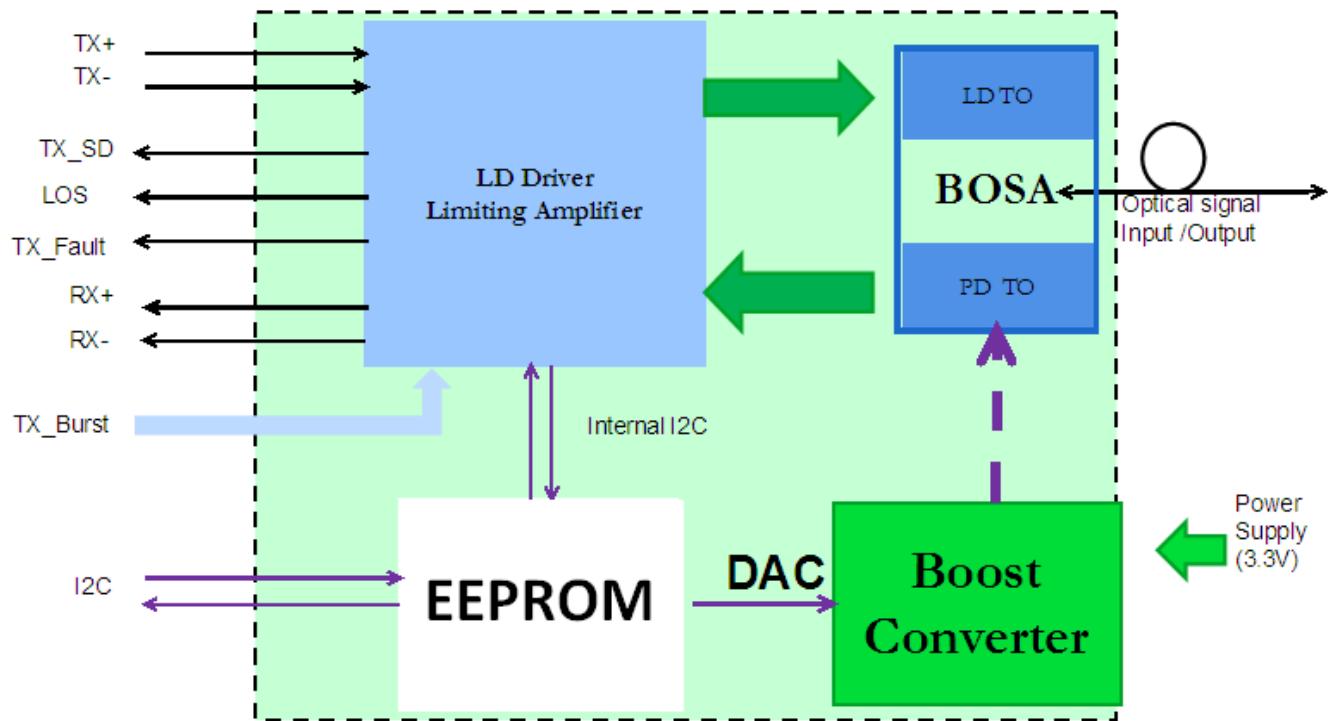


Figure3 Block diagram

The burst-mode transmitter part has a 1310nm DFB laser. It features AC or DC-coupled differential data inputs. Tx_Burst is a LVTTL input for TX shut down control. When Tx_Burst is “H”, Logic “1” open the LD driver; When Tx_Burst is “L”, Logic “0” open the LD driver.

The 1490nm continuous-mode receiver part has a high performance photo detector. The preamplifier (TIA) and limiting amplifier amplify the incoming optical signal into the stable range and convert the signal to differential AC-coupled CML outputs. SD is LVTTL output, which logic “0” indicates the input power is lower than the threshold, logic “1” indicates the input power is above the threshold.

Interface Circuit

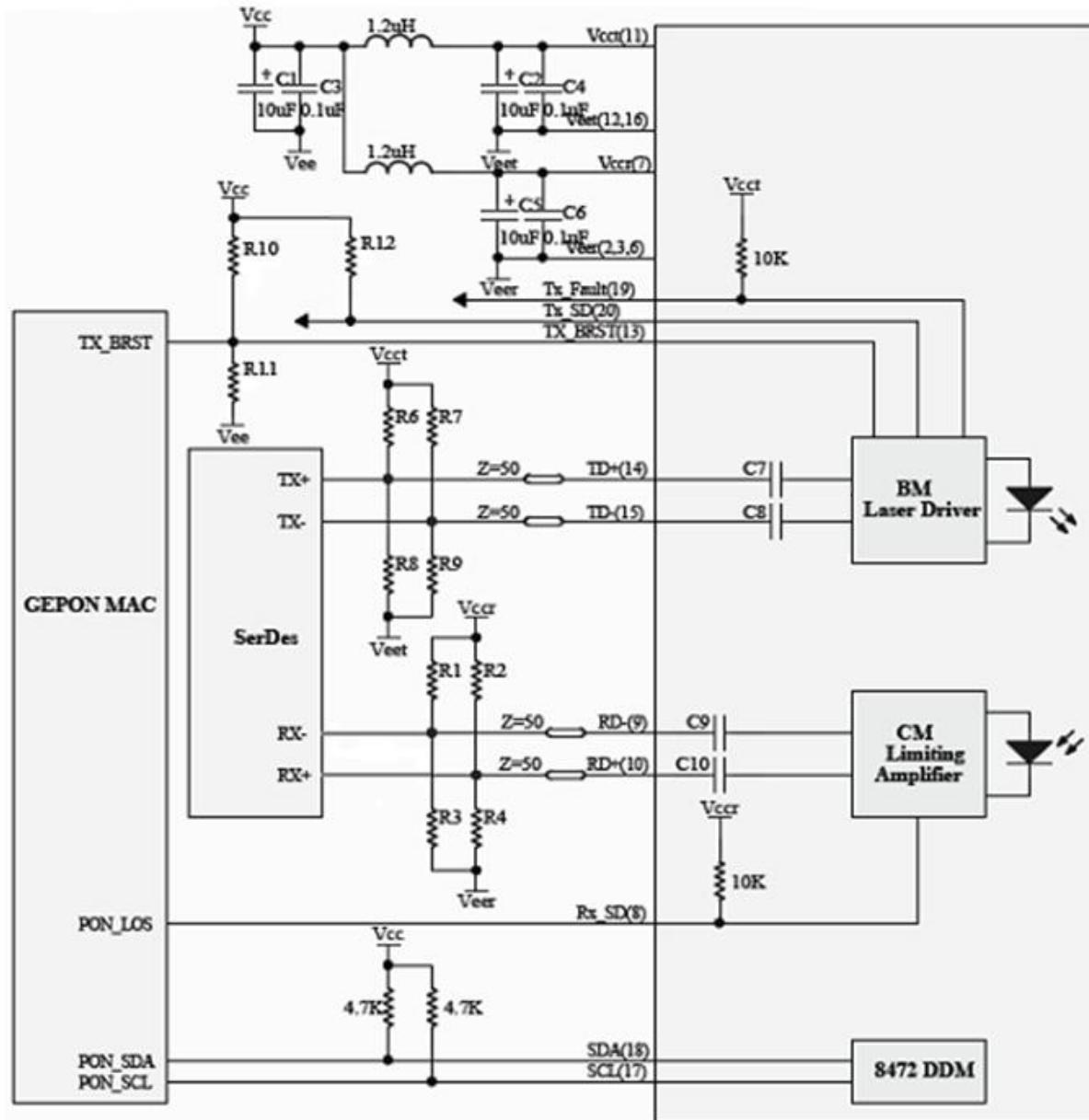


Figure4

Note A: When the Tx_Burst is "H", The configure is R10=NC, R11=10K;

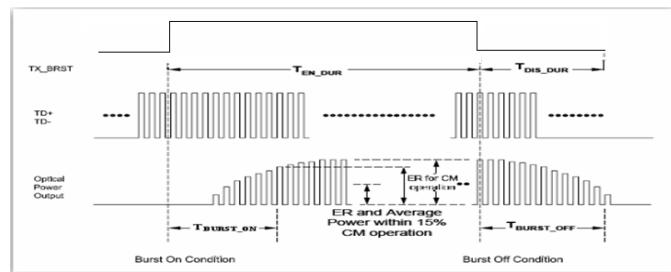
When the Tx_Burst is "L", The configure is R10=10K, R11=NC;

Note B: When input is "DC" coupled internally, The configure is R6=R7=130Ω, R8=R9=82Ω, C7=C8=0Ω;

When input is "AC" coupled internally, The configure is R6=R7=R8=R9=NC, C7=C8=0.1uF;

Burst Mode Sequence

When the Tx_Burst is "H":



When the Tx_Burst is "L":

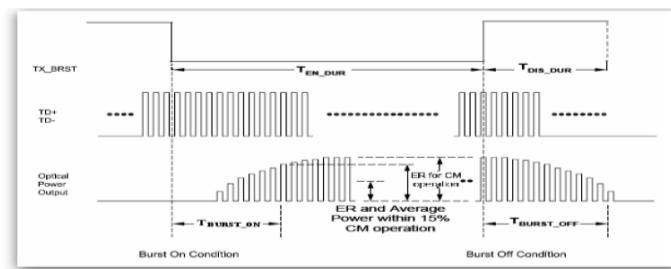


Figure5

Package Outline

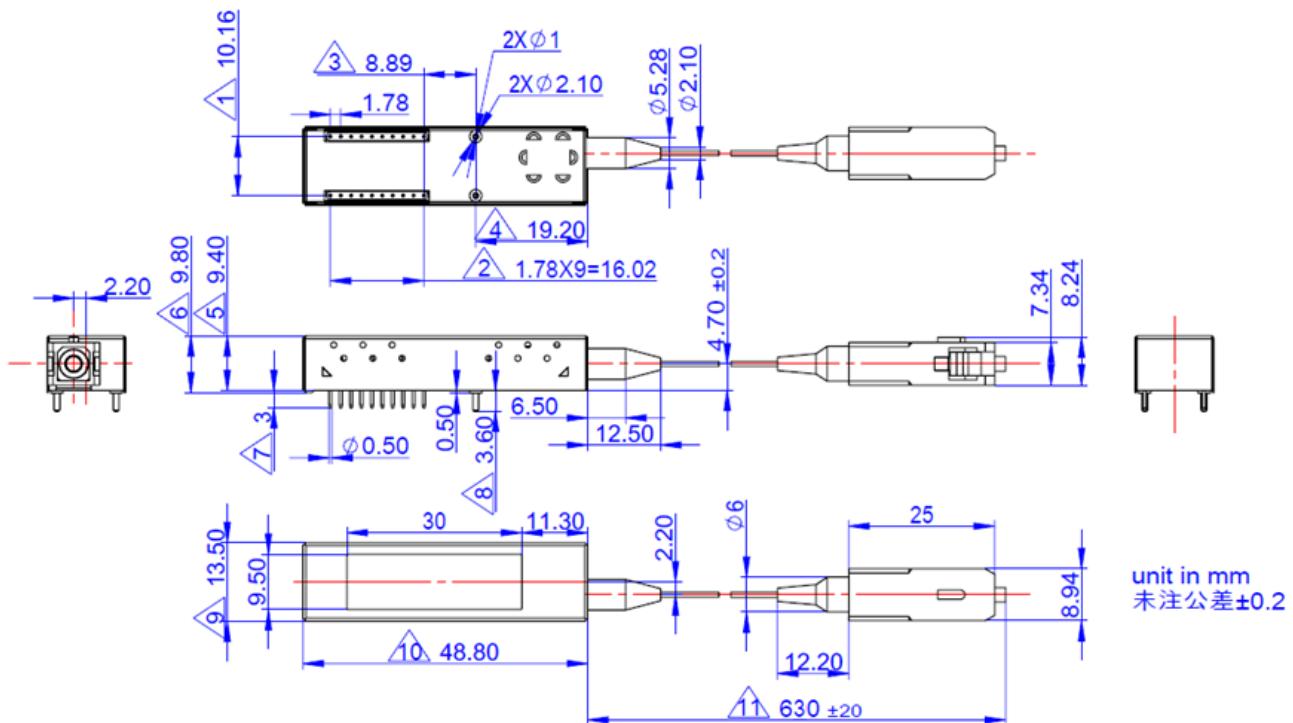


Figure 6

Ordering information

| Model NO. | Specifications | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----|---|
| | Package | Data Rate Tx/Rx | Tx (nm) | Po (dBm) | Rx (nm) | Sen (dBm) | Temp (°C) | Reach (Km) | DDM | Others |
| MNOG22-D8C-ACT1 | SFF | 1.25/2.5G | 1310 DFB | 0.5~5 | 1490 APD | <-28 | 0~70 | 20 | Y | SC/UPC pigtail, High-Burst On, TD+/-:AC |
| MNOG22-D8C-DCT1 | SFF | 1.25/2.5G | 1310 DFB | 0.5~5 | 1490 APD | <-28 | 0~70 | 20 | Y | SC/UPC pigtail, High-Burst On, TD+/-:DC |
| MNOG22-LD8C-ACT1 | SFF | 1.25/2.5G | 1310 DFB | 0.5~5 | 1490 APD | <-28 | 0~70 | 20 | Y | SC/UPC pigtail, LOW-Burst On, TD+/-:AC |
| MNOG22-LD8C-DCT1 | SFF | 1.25/2.5G | 1310 DFB | 0.5~5 | 1490 APD | <-28 | 0~70 | 20 | Y | SC/UPC pigtail, LOW-Burst On, TD+/-:DC |